## An empirical analysis of the Nikkei 225 put options using realized GARCH models \*

Asuka Takeuchi-Nogimori<sup>†</sup>

## October 11, 2012

## Abstract

This paper analyses whether the realized generalized autoregressive conditional heteroscedasticity (GARCH) model suggested by Hansen et al. [2011] is useful for pricing Nikkei 225 put options. One advantage of this particular model over classic autoregressive conditional heteroscedasticity (ARCH)-type models is that it enables us to estimate simultaneously the dynamics of stock returns using both realized volatility and daily return data. Another advantage is that this model adjusts for the bias in realized volatility caused by the presence of market microstructure noise and non-trading hours, and therefore, it can be apply to any realized measure. The analysis also examines whether realized GARCH models using the realized kernels proposed by Bardorff-Nielsen et al. [2008] improve the performance of option pricing by comparing the results with those obtained using realized volatility as the simple sum of the squares of the intra-day returns. Comparing the estimation results based on the root mean square error indicates that the realized GARCH models perform better than either the exponential GARCH (EGARCH) or the Black-Scholes models in terms of put option pricing. Moreover, the realized GARCH models with the realized kernels without non-trading hour returns perform better than those with realized volatility alone.

Key words: put option pricing; realized GARCH; non-trading hours; microstructure noise; Nikkei 225 stock index

<sup>\*</sup>The author is a COE visiting young scholar at Hitotsubashi University. Financial support from the Ministry of Education, Culture, Sports, Science and Technology of the Japanese Government through the Global COE program "Research Unit for Statistical and Empirical Analysis in Social Sciences" at Hitotsubashi University and the Joint Usage and Research Center, Institute of Economic Research, Hitotsubashi University (IERPK1109) are gratefully acknowledged. Thanks are also due to Toshiaki Watanabe, Peter R. Hansen, Masato Ubukata, Daisuke Nagakura, Makoto Takahashi, and Shuichi Nagata for their useful comments. All remaining errors are solely my responsibility.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup>Faculty of Economics, Sophia University. asuka.takeuchi@sophia.ac.jp

## References

- Andrews, D. W. K. (1991) "Heteroskedasticity and autocorrelation consistent covariance matrix estimation," *Econometrica*, Vol. 59, pp. 817-858.
- Bandi, F. M., J. R. Russell, and C. Yang (2008) "Realized volatility forecasting and option pricing," *Journal of Econometrics*, Vol. 147, pp. 34-46.
- Bardorff-Nielsen, O. E., P. Q. R. Hansen, A. Lunde, and N. Shephard (2008)"Desining realized kernels to measure the ex-post variation of equity prices in the presence of noise," *Econometrica*, Vol. 76, pp. 1481-1536.
- Barndorff-Nielsen, O. E. and N. Shephard (2004) "Power and bipower variation with stochastic volatility and jumps (with disucuss)," *Journal of Financial Econometrics*, Vol. 2, pp. 1-37.
- Barndorff-Nielsen, O. E., P. Q. R. Hansen, A. Lunde, and N. Shephard (2008) "Realized kernels in practice: trades and quotes," *Econometrics Journal*, Vol. 4, pp. 1-32.
- Barone-Adesi, G., R. F. Rngle, and L. Mancini (2008) "A GARCH option pricing model with filtered historical simulation," *Review of Financial Studies*, Vol. 21, pp. 1223-1258.
- Black, F. and M. Scholes (1973) "The pricing of options and corporate liabilities," *Journal of Political Economy*, Vol. 81, pp. 673-659.
- Bollerslev, T. (1986) "Generalized autoregressive conditional heteroskedasticity," *Journal of Econometrics*, Vol. 31, pp. 673-659.
- Bollerslev, T. and H. Mikkelsen (1996) "Modeling and pricing long memory in stock market volatility," *Journal of Econometrics*, Vol. 73, pp. 151-184.

— (1999) "Long-term equity anticipation securities and stock market volatility dynamics," *Journal of Econometrics*, Vol. 92, pp. 75-99.

- Campbell, J.Y., A.W. Lo, and A.C. MacKinlay (1997) The Econometrics of financial markets: Princeton University Press.
- Christoffersen, P., B. Feunou, K. Jacobs, and N. Meddahi (2010) "The economic value of realized volatility," Working Paper Series.
- Corsi, F. (2009) "A simple approximate long-memory model of realized volatility," *Journal of Financial Econometrics*, Vol. 7, pp. 174-196.
- Corsi, F., N. Fusari, and D.L. Vecchia (2009) "Realizing smiles: pricing options with realized volatility," Swiss Finance Institute Research Paper No. 10-05.
- Ding, Z., C. W. J. Granger, and R. F. Engle (1993) "A long memory property of stock market returns and a new model," *Journal of Empirical Finance*, Vol. 1, pp. 83-106.
- Dobrev, D. and P. Szerszen (2010) "The information content of highfrequency data for estimating equity return model and forecasting risk," International Finance Discussion Papers 1005. Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System (U.S.).
- Duan, J. C. (1995) "The GARCH option pricing model," Mathematical Finance, Vol. 5, pp. 13-32.

— (1999) "Conditionally fat-tailed distributions and the volatility smile in options," Working paper. Department of Finance, Hong-Kong University.

- Glosten, L. R., R. Jagannathan, and D. Runkle (1993) "On the relation between the expected value and the volatility of nominal excess returns on stocks," *Journal of Finance*, Vol. 48, pp. 1779-1801.
- Hansen, P. R. and A. Lunde (2005) "A realized variance for the whole day based on intermittent high-frequency data," *Journal of Financial Econometrics*, Vol. 3, pp. 525-554.

— (2006) "Realized variance and market microstructure noise," *Jour*nal of Business and Economic Statistics, Vol. 24, pp. 127-161.

- Hansen, P. R., A. Huang, and H. H. Shek (2011) "Realized GARCH: A joint model for returns and realized measures of volatility," *Journal of Applied Econometrics*, in press.
- Koopman, S. J. and M. Scharth (2011) "The analysis of stochastic volatility in the presence of daily realised measures," Tinbergen Institute Discussion Paper TI 2011-132/4.
- Nelson, D. B. (1991) "Conditional heteroskedasticity in asset returns: a new approach," *Econometrica*, Vol. 59, pp. 347-370.
- Stentoft, L. (2008) "Option pricing using realized volatility," CREATES Research Paper 2008-13; EFA 2008 Athens Meetings Paper.
- Takahashi, M., Y. Omori, and T Watanabe (2009) "Estimating stochastic volatility model using daily returns and realized volatility simultaneously," *Computational Statistics & Data Analysis*, Vol. 53, pp. 2404-2426.
- Ubukata, M. and T. Watanabe (2011) "Pricing Nikkei 225 options using realized volatility," IMES Discussions Paper Series, No.2011-E-18, Institute for Monetary and Economic Studies, Bank of Japan.